

Higher Education Data Sharing Consortium (HEDS) Sexual Assault Campus Climate Survey Findings Scripps College

The HEDS Sexual Assault and Campus Climate Survey instrument is designed to cover the following topics: perceptions of campus climate around unwanted sexual contact and sexual assault, perceptions of how the institution addresses and responds to sexual assault, and the extent to which students have experienced unwanted sexual contact or sexual assault. The majority of survey questions are dedicated to specific details and circumstances around accounts of sexual assault in order to bring clarity to a topic that is inherently sensitive and difficult.

In the spring of 2015, the survey was emailed to approximately 8,000 graduate and undergraduate students at the seven Claremont colleges (7C). Survey responses were received from 2,475 students, for a rate of 31%. For the undergraduate (UG) student population, the response rate was 33% (1,949/5,896). At Scripps College (SCR), the response rate was 32% (318/982). Because the survey was voluntary, and the topic of sexual assault and campus climate has the potential to provoke strong opinions, it is impossible to determine the impact self-selection may have had on the results. Additionally, there was a high degree of variability among the seven institutions. Therefore, it is important to keep in mind that these results do not necessarily represent generalizations about the entire Claremont colleges' community, or Scripps College in particular.

The findings are divided into three sections:

- 1. Perceptions of campus climate and sexual assault
- 2. Institutional information and education about sexual assault
- 3. Unwanted sexual contact and sexual assault

Table 1 – Survey Respondent Demographics

Respondents	UG#	UG %	7C #	7C %	SCR#	SCR%
Women	1270	64.6	1578	63.8	313	98.4
Men	657	33.4	850	34.3	*	*
Another/missing gender	40	2	47	1.9	*	*
White	1065	54.1	1264	51.1	187	58.8
Other than white	845	43.4	1142	46.1	127	39.9
Heterosexual	1460	74.2	1848	74.7	212	66.7
Other than heterosexual	478	24.3	578	23.4	104	32.7

^{*}Population total is too low to report, they will be excluded in all tables and charts of this report.

Classification	UG#	UG %	7C #	7C %	SCR#	SCR%
Freshman/First Year	487	24.9	487	19.7	83	26.1
Sophomore	485	24.8	485	19.6	93	29.2
Junior	475	24.3	475	19.2	60	18.9
Senior	508	26	508	20.5	79	24.8
Graduate Student or Other			508	20.5	2	0.6



SECTION 1: PERCEPTIONS OF CAMPUS CLIMATE AND SEXUAL ASSAULT

Students responded to the following questions using a 5-point scale, where 5 represents strongly agree, 4 is agree, 3 is neither agree nor disagree, 2 is disagree, and 1 is strongly disagree.

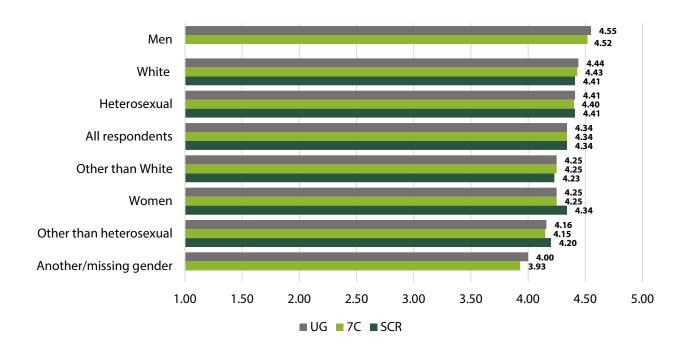
General views on campus climate are very positive. Over 90% of all 7C respondents agree or strongly agree that they feel safe on their campus; that figure is 80% for undergraduate respondents only and 89% for Scripps respondents.

Table 2 – Responses to Questions About General Climate

Questions about general climate	UG	7C	SCR
Questions about general climate	Mean	Mean	Mean
Faculty, staff, and administrators respect what students think	3.98	4.01	4.07
Faculty, staff, and administrators concern for students' welfare	4.22	4.21	4.23
Faculty, staff, and administrators treat students fairly	3.93	3.96	4.01
Student concern about welfare of other students	4.17	4.12	4.30
I feel valued in the classroom/learning environment	4.19	4.19	4.23
I feel close to people on this campus	4.11	4.01	4.07
I feel part of the community	4.00	3.94	3.97
I feel safe on this campus	4.34	4.34	4.34

However, differences were observed among various populations as seen in Chart 1 below.

Chart 1 – Disaggregated responses to the statement I feel safe on this campus





Views about the institutional response to difficult or dangerous situations are slightly lower than those on campus climate, but remain positive.

Table 3 – Responses to questions about difficult or dangerous situations

Difficult or dangerous situations	UG	7C	SCR
Difficult of daligerous situations	Mean	Mean	Mean
Officials protect students from harm	3.86	3.72	3.70
Officials would handle a crisis well	3.47	3.54	3.51
Officials respond quickly in difficult situations	3.51	3.54	3.54
Officials handle incidents in fair and responsible manner	3.48	3.51	3.58
There is a good support system for students going through			
difficult times	3.44	3.47	3.49

While most respondents from the 7Cs (including undergraduates) and Scripps believe that other students would intervene if they witnessed a sexual assault, 42.2% UG and 39% 7C and 32% SCR still think that she/he or one of their friends is at risk for being sexually assaulted on campus or during off-campus events or programs sponsored by the institution. 46.5% UG and over half of 7C respondents and 43% SCR respondents perceive the number of sexual assaults that occur on campus or during off-campus events or programs sponsored by their institution to be low.

Table 4 – Responses to questions about views on sexual assault

Views on sexual assault at institution	UG	7C	SCR
views off sexual assault at institution	Mean	Mean	Mean
Low number of sexual assaults on campus	3.29	3.42	3.18
Don't believe I or one of my friends is at risk of sexual assault	2.95	3.11	2.82
Students would intervene if they witnessed a sexual assault	3.78	3.82	4.00



Once again, differences were observed among certain populations, as seen in Chart 2.

Chart 2 – Disaggregated responses to the statement I believe that students would intervene if they witnessed a sexual assault



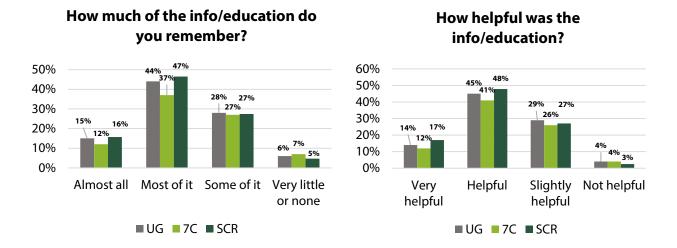
SECTION 2: INSTITUTIONAL INFORMATION AND EDUCATION ABOUT SEXUAL ASSAULT

Responses regarding information and education on sexual assault provided by institution varied.

Table 5 – Responses to questions about information or education			
UG: Did you receive information or education from institution about	% Yes	% No	% Unsure
What sexual assault is and how to recognize it	85.6	6.6	7.0
How to report an incident of sexual assault	59.5	19.6	20.0
Confidential resources for sexual assault and how to locate them	59.4	19.4	20.3
Procedures for investigating a sexual assault	37.7	40.3	21.0
Action you can take to help prevent sexual assault	77.2	12.6	9.3
7C: Did you receive information or education from institution about	% Yes	% No	% Unsure
What sexual assault is and how to recognize it	74.8	13.3	10.8
How to report an incident of sexual assault	55.0	23.3	20.5
Confidential resources for sexual assault and how to locate them	53.2	23.5	22.1
Procedures for investigating a sexual assault	33.7	42.2	22.9
Action you can take to help prevent sexual assault	67.2	18.9	12.6
SCR: Did you receive information or education from institution about	% Yes	% No	% Unsure
What sexual assault is and how to recognize it	88.7	6.0	5.0
How to report an incident of sexual assault	63.2	17.9	18.6
Confidential resources for sexual assault and how to locate them	63.2	17.3	18.6
Procedures for investigating a sexual assault	41.2	37.7	20.8
Action you can take to help prevent sexual assault	77.4	11.9	10.1



Chart 3 - Respondent recollection and ratings of institutional information and education



SECTION 3: UNWANTED SEXUAL CONTACT AND SEXUAL ASSAULT

Most respondents have never experienced unwanted sexual contact in the forms defined below:

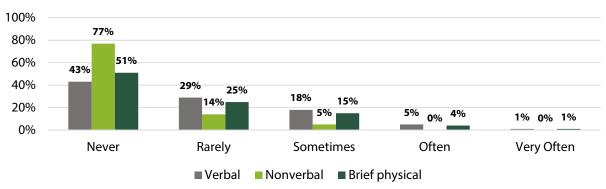
Unwanted verbal behaviors – such as someone making sexual comments about your body; someone making unwelcome sexual advances, propositions, or suggestions to you; or someone telling you sexually offensive jokes or kidding about your sex or gender-specific traits **Unwanted nonverbal behaviors** – such as sending you sexual emails, texts, or pictures; posting sexual comments about you on blogs or social media; showing you sexually offensive pictures or objects; leering at you or making lewd gestures towards you; or touching oneself sexually in front of you

Unwanted brief physical contact – such as someone briefly groping you, rubbing sexually against you, pinching you, or engaging in any other brief inappropriate or unwelcome touching of your body

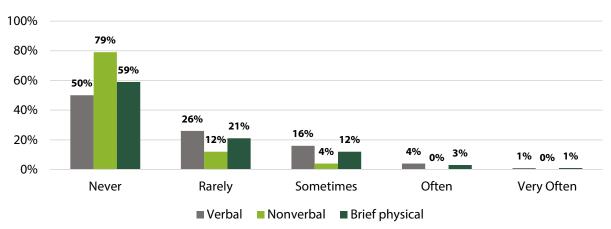


Chart 4 – Frequency of unwanted sexual contact while on campus or while off campus during events or programs sponsored by the institution





7C Unwanted Sexual Contact



SCR Unwanted Sexual Contact

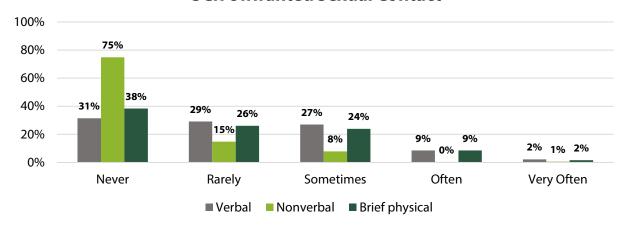
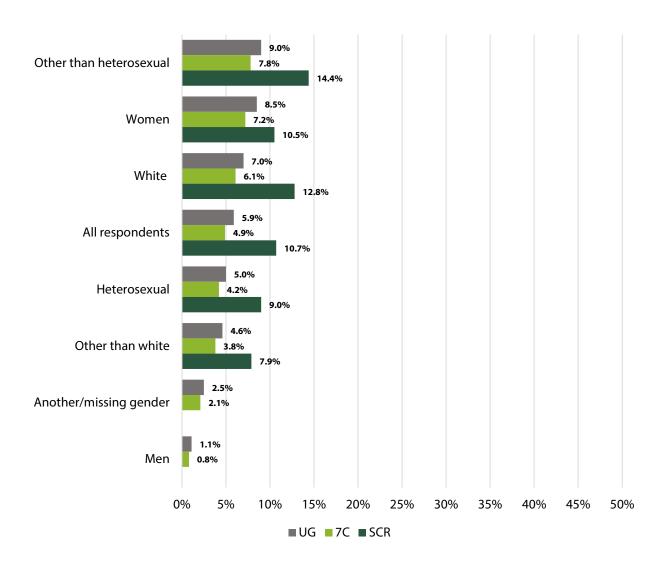




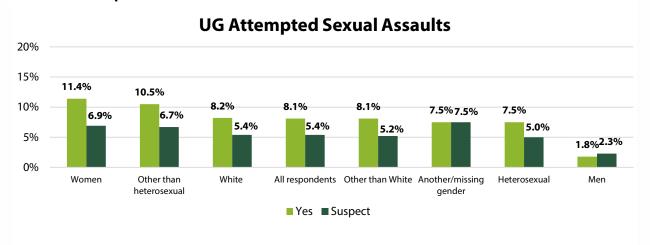
Chart 5 – Disaggregated percentages of unwanted verbal behaviors experienced often or very often



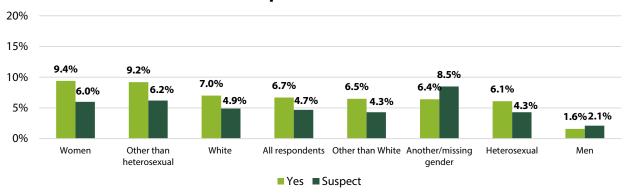


In response to the question, "Has anyone attempted, but not succeeded in, sexually assaulting you while you were on campus or while you were off campus during an event or program sponsored by your institution?," 8.1% of UG and 6.7% of 7C and 11% of SCR respondents answered yes. An additional 5.4% of UG and 4.7% of 7C and 6.9% of SCR respondents suspected that someone attempted to sexually assault them, but were not certain.

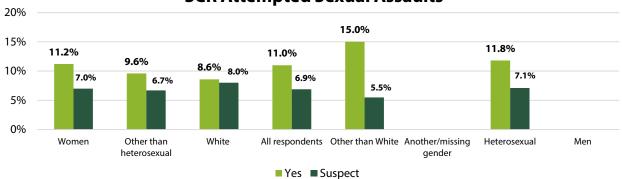
Chart 6 - Attempted sexual assaults



7C Attempted Sexual Assaults



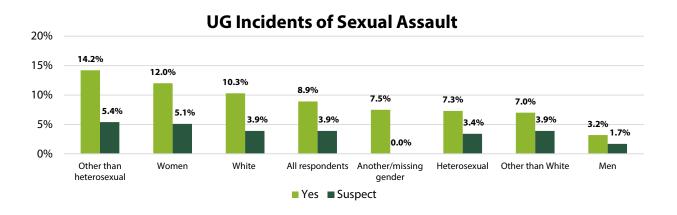


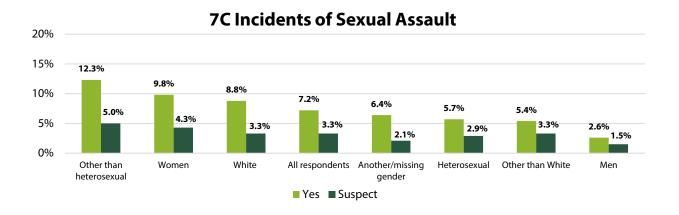


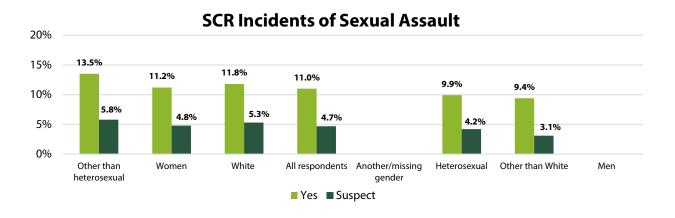


8.9% of UG and 7.2% of 7C and 11% of SCR survey respondents indicated that they had been sexually assaulted while they were on campus or while off campus at an event or program sponsored by their institution. An additional 3.9% of UG and 3.3% of 7C and 4.7% of SCR respondents suspect that someone sexually assaulted them, but were not certain.

Chart 7 - Reported incidents of sexual assault









Most reported incidents of sexual assault involve touching, over half involve sex – anal, oral, or vaginal.

Touching of a sexual nature - kissing you, touching of private parts, grabbing, fondling, rubbing up against you in a sexual way, even if it was over your clothes

Oral sex - someone's mouth or tongue making contact with your genitals, or your mouth or tongue making contact with someone else's genitals

Vaginal sex - someone's penis being put in your vagina, or your penis being put into someone else's vagina

Anal sex - someone's penis being put in your anus, or your penis being put into someone else's anus Anal or vaginal penetration - with a body part other than a penis or tongue, or by an object, like a bottle or candle

Table 6 – Types of sexual contact occurring during the sexual assault

Which of the following happened	UG %	7C %	SCR %
Touching of a sexual nature	86.9	87.2	88.6
Oral sex	18.8	19.6	17.1
Vaginal sex	38.1	38.0	25.7
Anal sex	4.5	5.6	5.7
Anal or vaginal penetration with other than penis or tongue	6.3	6.7	8.6

Sexual assault frequently occurs when students are in susceptible situations; over 40% of UG and 7C and 31% of SCR assaulted students said they were unable to provide consent or stop what was happening because they were incapacitated. The majority of incidents involve either the assaulter or the assaulted drinking alcohol.

Table 7 – Involvement of force, drugs, or alcohol in sexual assaults

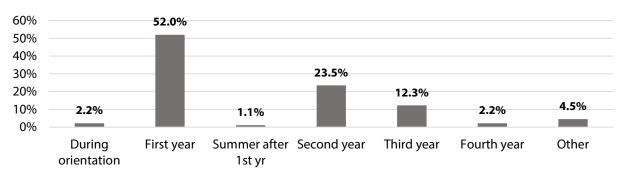
Did this incident involve	UG % YES	7C % YES	SCR % YES
Other people threatening physical force, coercion, or intimidation	29.0	29.1	31.4
Other people using physical force	43.8	43.2	42.9
Other people drinking alcohol	74.4	73.7	74.3
Other people using drugs	19.9	20.1	20.0
Your drinking alcohol	64.8	64.2	60.0
Your voluntarily taking or using drugs	11.4	11.2	14.3
Your being given a drug without knowledge or consent	1.7	1.7	0.0
Were you unable to provide consent or stop what was happening because you were incapacitated	40.9	41.9	31.4



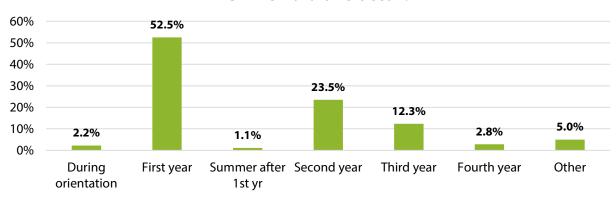
Many sexual assaults occur during the students' first year and through the completion of their second year. However, about half of the students who were sexually assaulted experienced multiple incidents and were asked to think about one incident for the survey.

Chart 8 - When the reported sexual assault happened

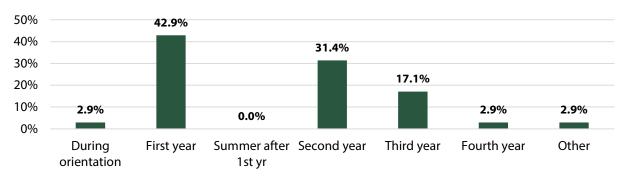
UG When did this occur?



7C When did this occur?



SCR When did this occur?

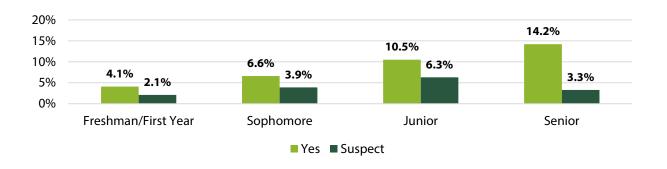




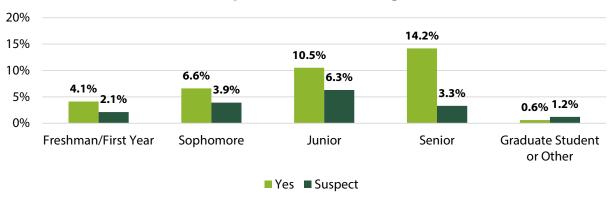
The largest proportions of sexual assault **reporters** were juniors or seniors.

Chart 9 - Class year of survey respondents who reported incidents of sexual assault

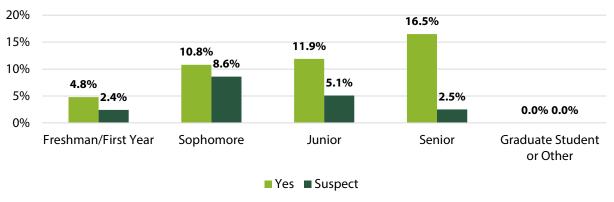
UG Class Year of Respondents Indicating Sexual Assault



7C Class Year Respondents Indicating Sexual Assault



SCR Class Year Respondents Indicating Sexual Assault





In the majority of the incidents reported, males were the primary assaulters. Most assaults occurred on campus, in a residential building, or at another college or university.

Table 8: Sex of the assaulter and the location where the assault occurred

Sex of the assaulter	UG	7C	SCR
Sex of the assaulter	%	%	%
Female	8.5	8.9	2.9
Male	89.8	89.4	94.3
Both males and females	1.1	1.1	2.9
I do not know	0.6	0.6	0.0

Location of sexual assault	UG	7C	SCR
Location of sexual assault	%	%	%
On campus, in a residential			
building	60.8	60.1	31.4
On campus, in a			
nonresidential building	6.8	7.9	2.9
Off campus, another			
college/university	26.1	25.8	62.9
Off campus, not			
College/university	5.7	6.2	2.9

For UG and 7C, 60% of the assaulters were students at their own institution and an additional 36%-37% were students at another institution. For Scripps respondents, 89% of the assaulters were students at another school. In nearly half of these reported cases at SCR, the assaulter was a stranger, while 31% were identified as casual dates or hookups, followed by a nonromantic friend or acquaintance (26%), and ex-romantic partners (11%).

Table 9 – Institutional affiliation and relationship to the assaulter

Was the person who sexually assaulted you	UG %	7C %	SCR %
A student at my institution	60.2	60.3	5.7
A student at another school	36.9	36.3	88.6
A faculty, staff member, or administrator at my institution	0.6	0.6	0.0
A faculty, staff member, or administrator at another institution	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not affiliated with school or another school	4.0	3.9	0.0
I do not know	1.0	4.5	8.6

Relationship to assaulter	UG %	7C %	SCR %
Stranger	32.4	31.8	48.6
Nonromantic friend or acquaintance	48.9	49.2	25.7
Casual date or hookup	23.3	22.9	31.4
Current romantic partner	4.0	3.9	2.9
Ex-romantic partner	8.5	8.4	11.4
College professor or instructor	0.0	0.0	0.0
College staff member	0.0	0.0	0.0
College administrator	0.0	0.0	0.0
Employer/supervisor	0.6	0.6	0.0
Coworker	0.6	0.6	0.0
Family member	0.0	0.6	0.0
Other	4.5	5.0	0.0



While over 80% of those who reported assaults tell a close friend, far fewer tell the campus Title IX coordinator or deputy coordinator.

Table 10 – Who was informed about the sexual assault?

Whom did you tell	UG %	7C %	SCR %
No one	13.6	13.4	17.1
Close friend	81.3	80.4	82.9
Romantic partner	23.9	23.5	17.1
Parent or guardian	22.7	22.9	22.9
Other family member	9.1	8.9	5.7
Roommate	26.7	26.3	31.4
Resident advisor or peer advisor	14.2	14.5	14.3
Campus counselor	15.9	15.6	5.7
Private counselor	9.1	9.5	5.7
Faculty, staff, or administrator	18.8	19.0	17.1
Faculty, staff, or administrator at another school	3.4	3.4	2.9
Campus security, safety, or campus police	4.5	4.5	8.6
Local police	2.8	2.8	8.6
Local or national sexual assault hotline	2.8	2.8	2.9
Campus pastor, minster, rabbi, or other clergy	1.7	1.7	0.0
Campus sexual assault advocate	7.4	7.3	11.4
Campus Title IX coordinator or deputy coordinator	13.1	12.8	20.0
Campus health services	11.4	11.2	8.6
Other	6.3	7.3	0.0